

Continuous Input Transient Input

Technical Specification

18-36 V

50 V

3.3-48 V Outputs 50 W Max Power 2250 Vdc

Sixteenth-brick

Isolation DC-DC Converter

The InQor Sixteenth-brick converter series is composed of next-generation, board-mountable, isolated, fixed switching frequency dc-dc converters that use synchronous rectification to achieve extremely high power conversion efficiency. Each module is supplied completely encased to provide protection from the harsh environments seen in many industrial and transportation applications.

Operational Features

- High efficiency, up to 89 % at full load
- Delivers full power with conductive cooling through integral baseplate
- Operating input voltage range: 18-36 V dc
- Fixed frequency switching provides predictable EMI
- No minimum load requirement

Mechanical Features

- Industry standard Sixteenth-brick pin-out configuration
- Size: 1.436" x 1.036" x 0.500" (36.47 x 26.31 x 12.70 mm)
- Total weight: 1.1 oz (31 g)
- Flanged baseplate version available

Control Features

- On/Off control referenced to input side
- Remote sense for improved output voltage control
- Wide output voltage trim range

Safety Features

(Pending)

- UL 62368-1 Basic Insulation
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 62368-1
- EN 62368-1
- RoHS compliant (see last page)



Protection Features

- Input under-voltage lockout
- Output current limit and short circuit protection
- Active back drive current limit
- Output over-voltage protection
- Thermal shutdown

CONTENTS

| Page No. |
|--|
| Family Electrical Characteristics |
| 3.3Vout Electrical Characteristics & Figures 4 |
| 5Vout Electrical Characteristics & Figures 6 |
| 7Vout Electrical Characteristics & Figures 8 |
| 12Vout Electrical Characteristics & Figures |
| 15Vout Electrical Characteristics & Figures |
| 24Vout Electrical Characteristics & Figures |
| 28Vout Electrical Characteristics & Figures |
| 48Vout Electrical Characteristics & Figures18 |
| Application Section |
| Standards & Qualification Testing |
| Standard Mechanical Diagram25 |
| Flanged Mechanical Diagram26 |
| Ordering Information |



Family Electrical Characteristics

Technical Specification IQ24xxxSGXxxx

IQ24 FAMILY Electrical Characteristics (all output voltages)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-----------|---------|------|----------|--|
| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS | | | | | |
| Input Voltage | | | | | |
| Non-Operating | -1 | | 50 | V | Continuous |
| Operating | | | 40 | V | Continuous |
| Operating Transient | | | 50 | V | 100 ms |
| Isolation Voltage | | | | | |
| Input to Output | | | 2250 | Vdc | |
| Input to Baseplate | | | 2250 | Vdc | |
| Output to Baseplate | | | 2250 | Vdc | |
| Operating Temperature | -40 | | 100 | °C | Baseplate temperature |
| Storage Temperature | -45 | | 125 | °C | |
| Voltage at ON/OFF input pin | -2 | | 8 | V | |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Operating Input Voltage Range | 18 | 24 | 36 | V | |
| Input Under-Voltage Lockout | | | | | |
| Turn-On Voltage Threshold | 14.8 | 15.4 | 16.0 | V | |
| Turn-Off Voltage Threshold | 13.7 | 14.5 | 15.1 | V | |
| Lockout Voltage Hysteresis | | 0.9 | | V | |
| Recommended External Input Capacitance | | 47 | | μF | Typical ESR 0.1-0.2 Ω; see Note 3 |
| Input Filter Component Values (L\C) | | 1.0/3.9 | | μΗ\μF | Internal values; see Figure D |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | 1 4 | , |
| Turn-On Transient | | | | | |
| Turn-On Time | | 40 | | ms | Full load, Vout=90% nom. (from enable) |
| Start-Up Inhibit Time | 100 | 120 | 150 | ms | Figure E; See Note 2 |
| Power-Up Inhibit Time | | 15 | | ms | Figure E |
| Output Voltage Overshoot | | 0 | | % | Maximum Output Capacitance |
| ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS | | | | 7.0 | |
| Isolation Voltage (dielectric strength) | | | | | See Absolute Maximum Ratings |
| Isolation Resistance | | 30 | | ΜΩ | Coo / Isoonate / Isonata / Isonata I |
| Isolation Capacitance (input to output) | | N/A | | pF | See Note 1 |
| TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATI | NG CURVES | | | Pi | See Note 1 |
| Semiconductor Junction Temperature | | | 125 | °C | Package rated to 150 °C |
| PCB Temperature | | | 125 | °C | UL rated max operating temp 130 °C |
| Transformer Temperature | | | 125 | °C | DE rated max operating temp 150 °C |
| Maximum Baseplate Temperature, Tb | | | 100 | °C | |
| FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS | | | 100 | | |
| Switching Frequency | | 500 | | kHz | Isolation stage switching freg. is half this; See Note 4 |
| ON/OFF Control | | 300 | | KIIZ | 1301ation stage switching freq. 13 flair this, see Note |
| Off-State Voltage | 1.5 | | 8 | V | |
| On-State Voltage On-State Voltage | -2 | | 1 | V | |
| ON/OFF Control | -2 | | 1 | V | Application notes Figures A & B |
| Pull-Up Voltage | | 5 | | V | Application notes rigules A & B |
| Pull-Up Resistance | | 82.5 | | kΩ | |
| · | | 125 | | °C | Average PCR Temperature |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown OTP Trip Point | | | | ℃ | Average PCB Temperature |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis | | 10 | | 1 30 | |
| RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS | | 4.2 | | 106 11: | Cround Bonian 709C Th |
| Calculated MTBF per MIL-HDBK-217F | | 4.2 | | | Ground Benign, 70°C Tb |
| Calculated MTBF per MIL-HDBK-217F Note 1: Isolation capacitance can be added extern | | 0.8 | | 100 Hrs. | Ground Mobile, 70°C Tb |

Note 1: Isolation capacitance can be added external to the module.

Note 2: Maximum value is 150ms for DC current limit and short circuit fault conditions

Note 3: See "Input System Instability" in the Application Considerations section.

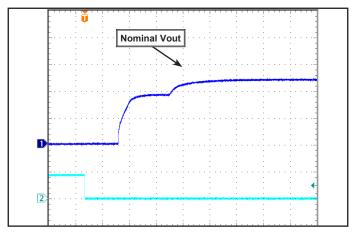
Note 4: 48V unit has 615kHz Switching Frequency.



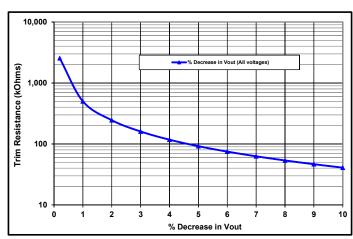
Family Electrical Characteristics

Technical Specification IQ24xxxSGXxxx

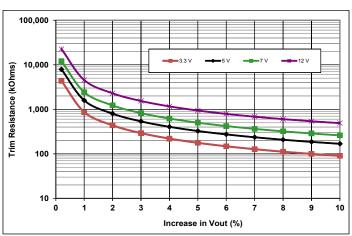
Family Figures (all output voltages)



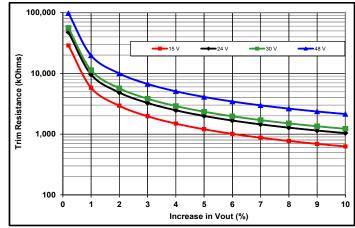
Common Figure 1: Typical startup waveform. Input voltage pre-applied, ON/OFF Pin on Ch 2.



Common Figure 2: Trim graph for trim down (for all output voltages)



Common Figure 3: Trim graph for trim-up 3.3 to 12V outputs.



Common Figure 4: Trim graph for trim-up 15 to 48V outputs.



Input: 18-36 V Output: 3.3 V Current: 15 A

Part No.: IQ24033SGx15

IQ24033SGx15 Electrical Characteristics (3.3 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-------|-------|--------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.0 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current (enabled) | | 70 | 90 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 10 | 14 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.3 | | V | 250 V/ms; see Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 35 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 20 | А | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 3.267 | 3.300 | 3.333 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -50 | | 50 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 3.217 | | 3.383 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; See Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 50 | 100 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 15 | 30 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 15 | А | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current Limit Inception | 15.9 | 18.7 | 21.5 | Α | Output voltage 10 % low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 3 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 2 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 10,000 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 175 | | mV | 50 % to 75 % to 50 % Iout max; see Figure 5 |
| Settling Time | | 80 | | μs | To within 1 % Vout nom; see Figure 5 |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -10 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4; Common Figures 2-4 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 3.80 | 4.00 | 4.50 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100 % Load | | 87 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50 % Load | | 88 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| | | | | | |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 47 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value



Input: 18-36 V Output: 3.3 V Current: 15 A

Part No.: IQ24033SGx15

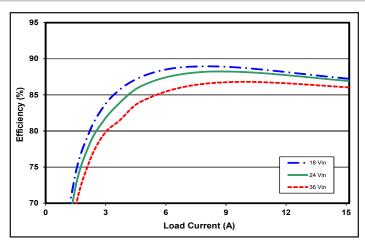


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

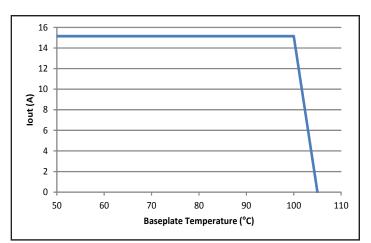


Figure 3: Maximum load current vs. baseplate temperature when conductively cooled. Note: The system design must provide a suitable thermal path that maintains the baseplate temperature below 100 °C.

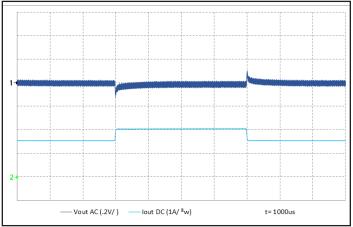


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50 % -75 % -50 % of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $100 \mu F$ electrolytic cap and $1 \mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout (200 mV/div), Ch 2: Iout (5 A/div).

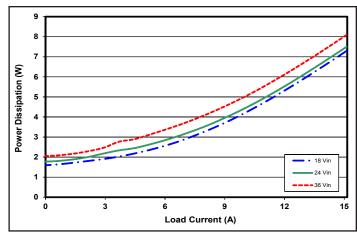


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

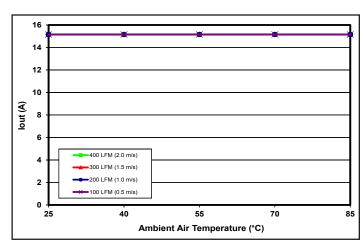


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

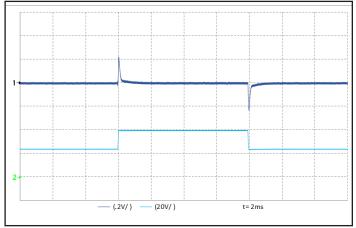


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (250 V/ms). Load cap: 100 μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout (200 mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20 V/div).



Input: 18-36 V Output: 5.0 V Current: 10 A

Part No.: 1Q24050SGx10

IQ24050SGx10 Electrical Characteristics (5.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-------|-------|-------|----------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | <u>'</u> | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.0 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current (enabled) | | 100 | 130 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 10 | 14 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.55 | | V | 250 V/ms; see Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 100 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 20 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 3 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 4.950 | 5.000 | 5.050 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -75 | | 75 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 4.875 | | 5.125 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; See Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 60 | 120 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 15 | 30 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 10 | А | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current Limit Inception | 11.8 | 14.3 | 16.7 | Α | Output voltage 10 % low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 2.5 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 2 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 5,000 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 200 | | mV | 50 % to 75 % to 50 % Iout max; see Figure 5 |
| Settling Time | | 125 | | μs | To within 1 % Vout nom; see Figure 5 |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -10 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4; Common Figures 2-4; See Note 2 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 5.50 | 6.00 | 6.50 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100 % Load | | 89 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50 % Load | | 89 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| | | | | | |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 47 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and

Note 2: Trim-up range is limited below 10 % at low line and full load. Contact SynQor applications support for more detail (e-mail:support@synqor.com)

Note 3: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value



Input: 18-36 V Output: 5.0 V Current: 10 A

Part No.: IQ24050SGx10

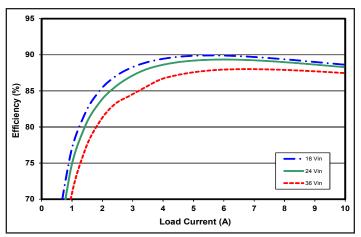


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

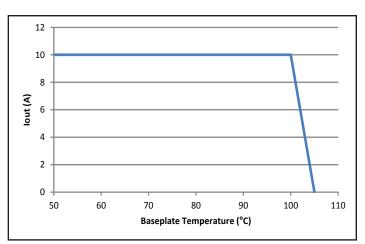


Figure 3: Maximum load current vs. baseplate temperature when conductively cooled. Note: The system design must provide a suitable thermal path that maintains the baseplate temperature below 100 °C.

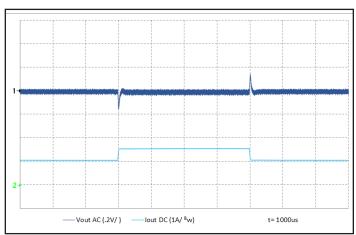


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50 %-75 %-50 % of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $100 \mu F$ electrolytic cap and $1 \mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout (200 mV/div), Ch 2: Iout (5 A/div).

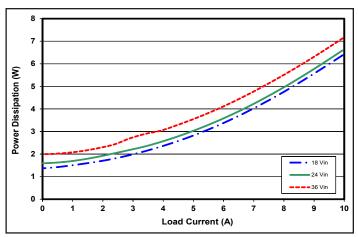


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

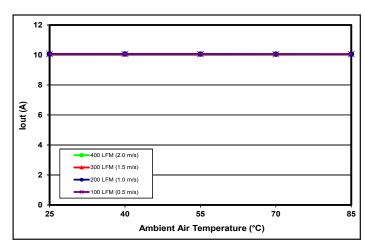


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

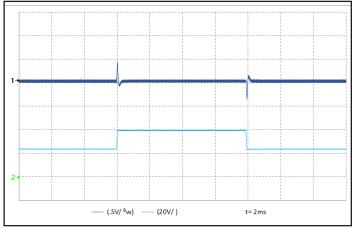


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (250 V/ms). Load cap: 100μ F, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20 V/div).



Input: 18-36 V Output: 7.0 V Current: 7.1 A

Part No.: IQ24070SGx07

IQ24070SGx07 Electrical Characteristics (7.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-------|------|-------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.0 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current (enabled) | | 70 | 140 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 10 | 15 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.5 | | V | 250 V/ms; see Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 80 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 20 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 6.93 | 7.00 | 7.07 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -105 | | 105 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 6.825 | | 7.175 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; See Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 200 | 300 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 70 | | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 7.1 | Α | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current Limit Inception | 7.2 | 8.5 | 9.7 | Α | Output voltage 10 % low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 1.6 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 2 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 3,000 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 350 | | mV | 50 % to 75 % to 50 % Iout max; see Figure 5 |
| Settling Time | | 100 | | μs | To within 1 % Vout nom; see Figure 5 |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -10 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4; Common Figures 2-4 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 8.3 | 9.2 | 9.8 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100 % Load | | 86 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50 % Load | | 88 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 47 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value



Input: 18-36 V Output: 7.0 V Current: 7.1 A

Part No.: IQ24070SGx07

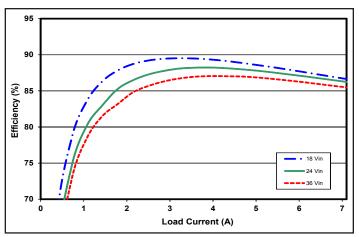


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

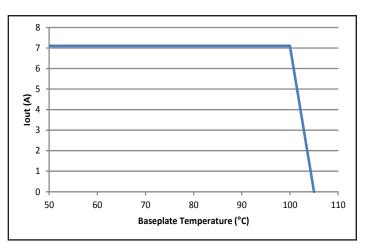


Figure 3: Maximum load current vs. baseplate temperature when conductively cooled. Note: The system design must provide a suitable thermal path that maintains the baseplate temperature below 100 °C.

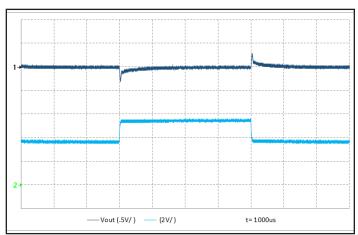


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50 %-75 %-50 % of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $100 \mu F$ electrolytic cap and $1 \mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Iout (2 Iout).

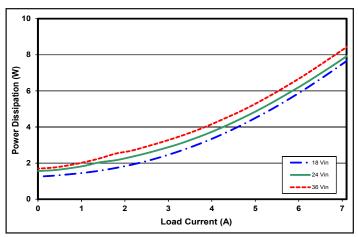


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

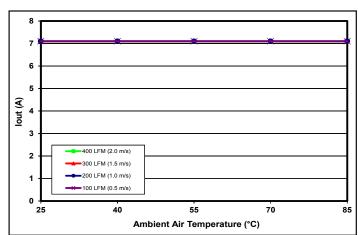


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

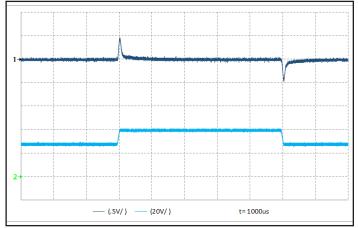


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (250 V/ms). Load cap: 100μ F, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20 V/div).



Input: 18-36 V Output: 12.0 V Current: 4.2 A

Part No.: IQ24120SGx04

IQ24120SGx04 Electrical Characteristics (12.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|--------|--------|----------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | <u>'</u> | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.0 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current (enabled) | | 95 | 120 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 10 | 14 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.5 | | V | 250 V/ms; see Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 35 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 20 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 11.880 | 12.000 | 12.120 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -180 | | 180 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 11.700 | | 12.300 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; See Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 80 | 160 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 20 | 40 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 4.2 | Α | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current Limit Inception | 4.4 | 4.8 | 6.2 | Α | Output voltage 10 % low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 1 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 2 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 1,500 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 320 | | mV | 50 % to 75 % to 50 % Iout max; see Figure 5 |
| Settling Time | | 300 | | μs | To within 1 % Vout nom; see Figure 5 |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -10 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4; Common Figures 2-4 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 13.70 | 14.70 | 15.80 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100 % Load | | 87 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50 % Load | | 87 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 47 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value



Input: 18-36 V Output: 12.0 V Current: 4.2 A

Part No.: 1Q24120SGx04

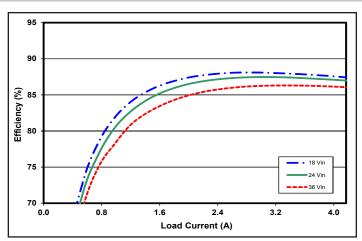


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

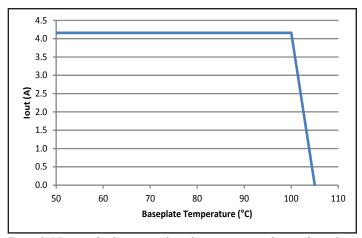


Figure 3: Maximum load current vs. baseplate temperature when conductively cooled. Note: The system design must provide a suitable thermal path that maintains the baseplate temperature below 100 °C.

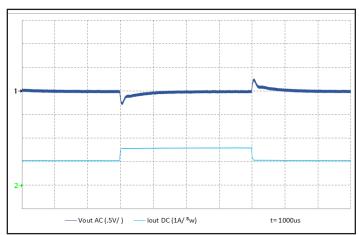


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50 % -75 % -50 % of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $100 \mu F$ electrolytic cap and $1 \mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Iout (2 Iout).

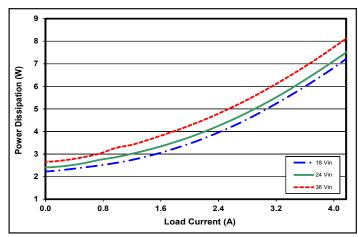


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

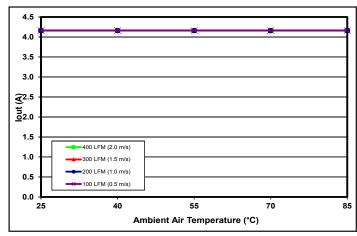


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

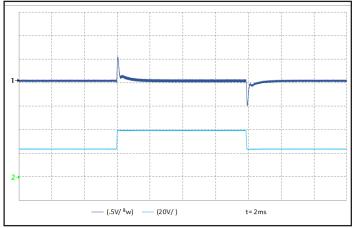


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (250 V/ms). Load cap: $100 \mu F$, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20 V/div).



Input: 18-36 V Output: 15.0 V Current: 3.3 A

Part No.: IQ24150SGx03

IQ24150SGx03 Electrical Characteristics (15.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|--------|--------|--------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.0 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current (enabled) | | 90 | 130 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 10 | 14 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.75 | | V | 250 V/ms; see Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 35 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 20 | А | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 14.850 | 15.000 | 15.150 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -225 | | 225 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 14.625 | | 15.375 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; See Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 65 | 130 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 15 | 30 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 3.3 | А | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current Limit Inception | 3.5 | 3.8 | 5.1 | Α | Output voltage 10 % low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 1.5 | | А | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 2 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 1,200 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 350 | | mV | 50 % to 75 % to 50 % Iout max; see Figure 5 |
| Settling Time | | 500 | | μs | To within 1 % Vout nom; see Figure 5 |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -10 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4; Common Figures 2-4 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 17.50 | 18.00 | 20.00 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100 % Load | | 87 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50 % Load | | 88 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| | | | | | |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 47 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value



Input: 18-36 V Output: 15.0 V Current: 3.3 A

Part No.: 1Q24150SGx03

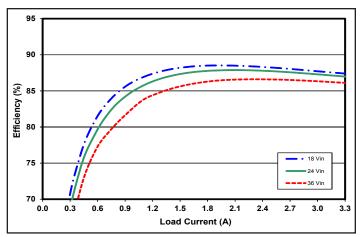


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

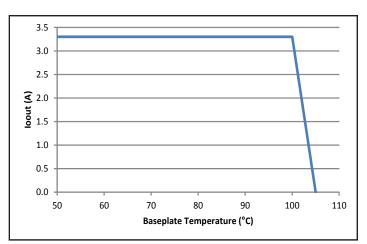


Figure 3: Maximum load current vs. baseplate temperature when conductively cooled. Note: The system design must provide a suitable thermal path that maintains the baseplate temperature below 100 °C.

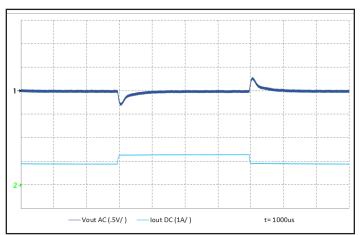


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50 % -75 % -50 % of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $100 \mu F$ electrolytic cap and $1 \mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Iout (2 Iout).

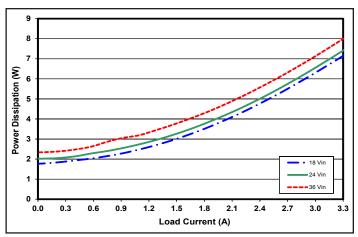


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

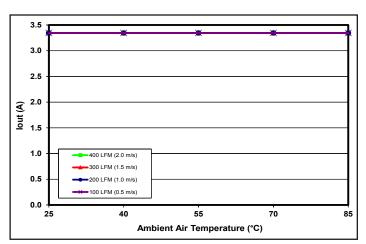


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

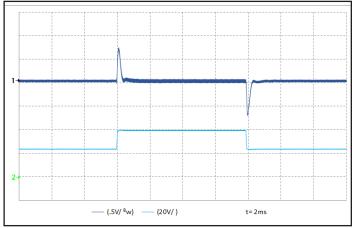


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (250 V/ms). Load cap: 100 μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20 V/div).



Input: 18-36 V Output: 24.0 V Current: 2.1 A

Part No.: 1024240SGx02

IQ24240SGx02 Electrical Characteristics (24.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|--------|--------|--------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.0 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current (enabled) | | 100 | 130 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 10 | 14 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.5 | | V | 250 V/ms; see Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 35 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 20 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 23.760 | 24.000 | 24.240 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -360 | | 360 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 23.400 | | 24.600 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; See Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 75 | 150 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 15 | 30 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 2.1 | Α | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current Limit Inception | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.2 | Α | Output voltage 10 % low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 0.5 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 2 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 700 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 400 | | mV | 50 % to 75 % to 50 % Iout max; see Figure 5 |
| Settling Time | | 400 | | μs | To within 1 % Vout nom; see Figure 5 |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -10 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4; Common Figures 2-4 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 26.80 | 28.60 | 32.00 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100 % Load | | 86 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50 % Load | | 86 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 47 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value



Input: 18-36 V Output: 24.0 V Current: 2.1 A

Part No.: 1Q24240SGx02

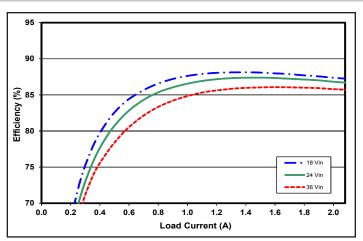


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 $^{\circ}$ C.

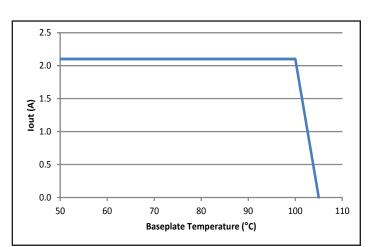


Figure 3: Maximum load current vs. baseplate temperature when conductively cooled. Note: The system design must provide a suitable thermal path that maintains the baseplate temperature below 100 °C.

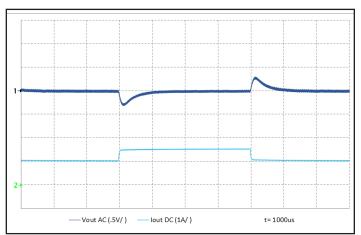


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50 % -75 % -50 % of Iout(max); dI/dt = 0.1 $A/\mu s$). Load cap: $100 \mu F$ electrolytic cap and $1 \mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Iout (1 Iout).

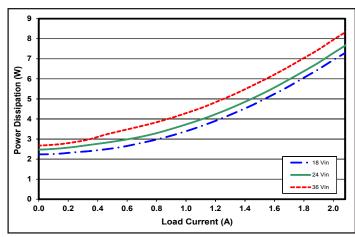


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

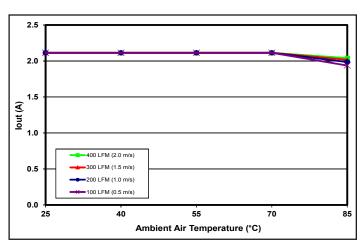


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

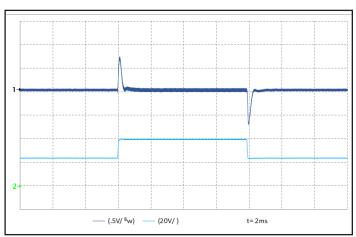


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (250 V/ms). Load cap: 100 μF, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20 V/div).



Input: 18-36 V Output: 28.0 V Current: 1.8 A

Part No.: 1Q24280SGx02

IQ24280SGx02 Electrical Characteristics (28.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|--------|--------|--------|----------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | <u>'</u> | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.0 | А | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current (enabled) | | 100 | 130 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 10 | 14 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.45 | | V | 250 V/ms; see Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 100 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 20 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 3 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 27.720 | 28.000 | 28.280 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -420 | | 420 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 27.300 | | 28.700 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; See Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 75 | 150 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 15 | 30 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 1.8 | А | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current Limit Inception | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.8 | Α | Output voltage 10 % low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 0.7 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 2 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 500 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 300 | | mV | 50 % to 75 % to 50 % Iout max; see Figure 5 |
| Settling Time | | 500 | | μs | To within 1 % Vout nom; see Figure 5 |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -10 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4; Common Figures 2-4; See Note 2 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 32.50 | 36.00 | 38.50 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100 % Load | | 87 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50 % Load | | 87 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| | | | | | |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic capacitor. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Trim-up range is limited below 10 % at low line and full load. Contact SynQor applications support for more detail (e-mail:support@synqor.com)

Note 3: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value



Input: 18-36 V Output: 28.0 V Current: 1.8 A

Part No.: 1Q24280SGx02

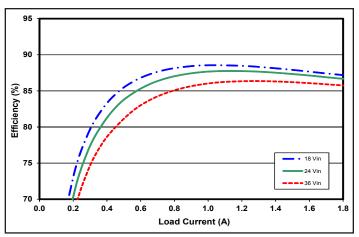


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

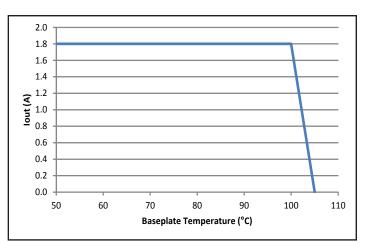


Figure 3: Maximum load current vs. baseplate temperature when conductively cooled. Note: The system design must provide a suitable thermal path that maintains the baseplate temperature below 100 °C.

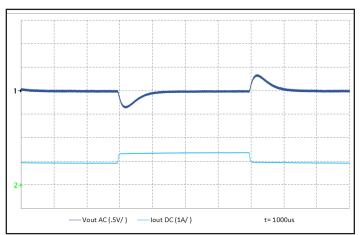


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50 % -75 % -50 % of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $100 \mu F$ electrolytic cap and $1 \mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Iout (1 Iout).

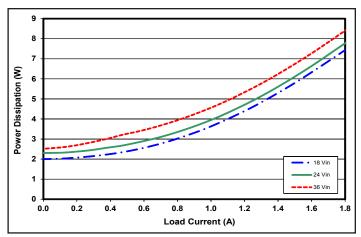


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

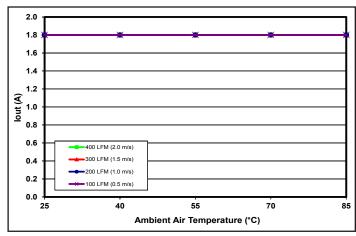


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

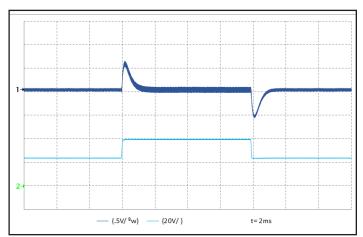


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (250 V/ms). Load cap: 100μ F, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20 V/div).



Input: 18-36 V Output: 48.0 V Current: 1 A

Part No.: IQ24480SGx01

IQ24480SGx01 Electrical Characteristics (48.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 24 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.0 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current (enabled) | | 100 | 130 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 10 | 14 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.75 | | V | 250 V/ms; see Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 100 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 20 | А | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 47.52 | 48.00 | 48.48 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -720 | | 720 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 46.80 | | 49.20 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; See Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 85 | 170 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 20 | 40 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 1.0 | А | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current Limit Inception | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | Α | Output voltage 10 % low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 0.5 | | А | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 2 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output pins |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 100 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 400 | | mV | 50 % to 75 % to 50 % Iout max; see Figure 5 |
| Settling Time | | 500 | | μs | To within 1 % Vout nom; see Figure 5 |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -10 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4; Common Figures 2-4 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8 & 4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 55.50 | 63.00 | 67.50 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100 % Load | | 88 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50 % Load | | 87 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| | | | | | |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic capacitor. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value



Input: 18-36 V Output: 48.0 V Current: 1 A

Part No.: IQ24480SGx01

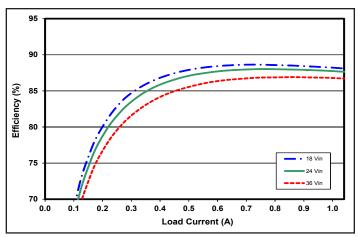


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

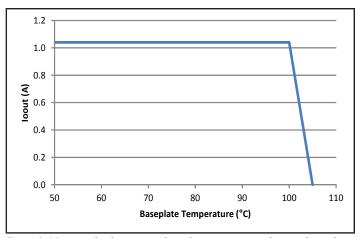


Figure 3: Maximum load current vs. baseplate temperature when conductively cooled. Note: The system design must provide a suitable thermal path that maintains the baseplate temperature below 100 °C.

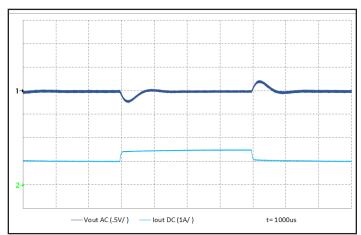


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50 % -75 % -50 % of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $100 \mu F$ electrolytic cap and $1 \mu F$ ceramic cap. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Iout (500 mA/div).

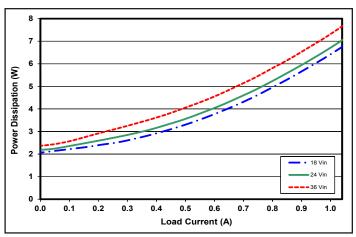


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25 °C.

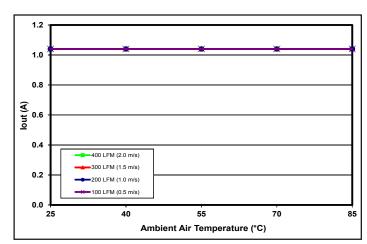


Figure 4: Encased converter (with 1/4" heatsink) max. output power derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

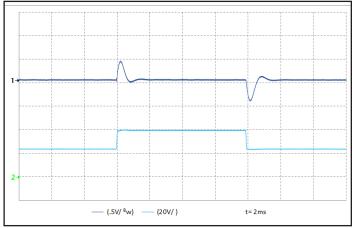


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (250 V/ms). Load cap: 100μ F, electrolytic output capacitance. Ch 1: Vout (500 mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20 V/div).



Technical Specification IQ24xxxSGXxxx

BASIC OPERATION AND FEATURES

This converter series uses a two-stage power conversion topology. The first stage is a buck-converter that keeps the output voltage constant over variations in line, load, and temperature. The second stage uses a transformer to provide the functions of input/output isolation and voltage stepup or step-down to achieve the output voltage required.

Both the first stage and the second stage switch at a fixed frequency for predictable EMI performance. Rectification of the transformer's output is accomplished with synchronous rectifiers. These devices, which are MOSFETs with a very low on-state resistance, dissipate far less energy than Schottky diodes. This is the primary reason that the converter has such high efficiency, even at very low output voltages and very high output currents.

These converters are offered totally encased to withstand harsh environments and thermally demanding applications. Dissipation throughout the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that it does not require a heat sink for the converter is so low that the converter is so low to be converted in the converter is so low to be converted in the converter is so low to be converted in the converter is so low to be converted in the converter is so low to be converted in the coperation in many applications; however, adding a heatsink provides improved thermal derating performance in extreme situations.

This series of converters uses the industry standard footprint and pin-out configuration.

CONTROL FEATURES

REMOTE ON/OFF (Pin 2): The ON/OFF input, Pin 2, permits the user to control when the converter is on or off. This input is referenced to the return terminal of the input bus, Vin(-). The ON/ OFF signal is active low (meaning that a low turns the converter on). Figure A details four possible circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin. Figure B is a detailed look of the internal ON/OFF circuitry.

REMOTE SENSE(\pm) (Pins 7 and 5): The SENSE(\pm) inputs correct for voltage drops along the conductors that connect the converter's output pins to the load.

Pin 7 should be connected to Vout(+) and Pin 5 should be connected to Vout(-) at the point on the board where regulation is desired. A remote connection at the load can adjust for a voltage drop only as large as that specified in this datasheet, that is:

$$[Vout(+) - Vout(-)] - [SENSE(+) - SENSE(-)] \le$$
 Sense Range % x Vout

Pins 7 and 5 must be connected for proper regulation of the output voltage. If these connections are not made, the converter will deliver an output voltage that is slightly higher than its specified value.

Note: The output over-voltage protection circuit senses the voltage across the output (pins 8 and 4) to determine when it should trigger, not the voltage across the converter's sense leads (pins 7 and 5). Therefore, the resistive drop on the board should be small enough so that output OVP does not trigger, even during load transients.

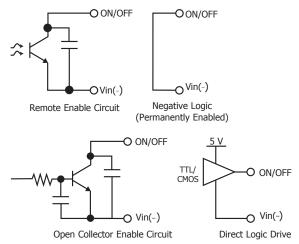


Figure A: Various Circuits for Driving the ON/OFF Pin

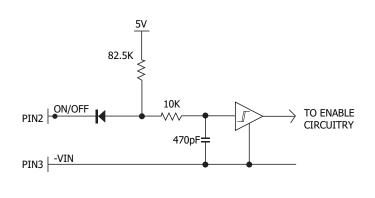
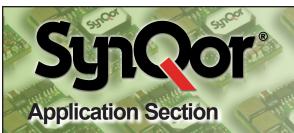


Figure B: Internal ON/OFF pin circuitry



Technical Specification

OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM (Pin 6): The TRIM input permits the user to adjust the output voltage across the sense leads up or down according to the trim range specifications.

To decrease the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 5 (SENSE(-) input). For a desired decrease of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be:

Rtrim-down =
$$\left(\frac{511}{\Delta\%}\right)$$
 - 10.22 (k\O)

where

$$\Delta\% = \left[\frac{\text{Vnominal} - \text{Vdesired}}{\text{Vnominal}} \right] \times 100\%$$

To increase the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 7 (SENSE(+) input). For a desired increase of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be

$$\text{Rtrim-up} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \underline{5.11 \text{VOUT x } (100 + \Delta\%)} \\ 1.225 \Delta\% \end{array} \right. - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} \ - \ 10.22 \ \right) \ (\text{k}\Omega)$$

where:

Vout = Nominal Output Voltage

Trim graphs show the relationship between the trim resistor value and Rtrim-up and Rtrim-down, showing the total range the output voltage can be trimmed up or down.

Note: The TRIM feature does not affect the voltage at which the output over-voltage protection circuit is triggered. Trimming the output voltage too high may cause the over-voltage protection circuit to engage, particularly during transients.

It is not necessary for the user to add capacitance at the Trim pin. The node is internally bypassed to eliminate noise.

Total DC Variation of VOUT: For the converter to meet its full specifications, the maximum variation of the dc value of VOUT, due to both trimming and remote load voltage drops, should not be greater than that specified for the output voltage trim range.

Protection Features

Input Under-Voltage Lockout: The converter is designed to turn off when the input voltage is too low, helping avoid an input system instability problem, described in more detail in the application note titled "Input System Instability" on our website. The lockout circuitry is a comparator with dc hysteresis. When the input voltage is rising, it must exceed the typical Turn-On Voltage Threshold value (listed on the specifications page) before the converter will turn on. Once the converter is on, the input voltage mustfall below the typical Turn-Off Voltage Threshold value before the converter will turn off.

Output Current Limit: The maximum current limit remains constant as the output voltage drops. However, once the impedance of the load across the output is small enough to make the output voltage drop below the specified Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage, the converter turns off.

Input Over-Voltage Shutdown: The converter also has an over-voltage feature that ensures the converter will be off if the input voltage is too high. It also has a hystersis to ensure proper operation.

Output Over-Voltage Limit: If the voltage across the output pins exceeds the Output Over-Voltage Protection threshold, the converter will immediately stop switching. This prevents damage to the load circuit due to 1) excessive series resistance in output current path from converter output pins to sense point, 2) a release of a short-circuit condition, or 3) a release of a current limit condition. Load capacitance determines exactly how high the output voltage will rise in response to these conditions. After 120 ms the converter will automatically restart.

Over-Temperature Shutdown: A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. The thermal shutdown circuit is designed to turn the converter off when the temperature at the sensed location reaches the Over-Temperature Shutdown value. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the amount of the Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis value.



Technical Specification IQ24xxxSGXxxx

APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Input System Instability: This condition can occur because any DC-DC converter appears incrementally as a negative resistance load. A detailed application note titled "Input System Instability" is available on the SynQor website which provides an understanding of why this instability arises, and shows the preferred solution for correcting it.

Application Circuits: Figure C provides a typical circuit diagram which details the input filtering and voltage trimming.

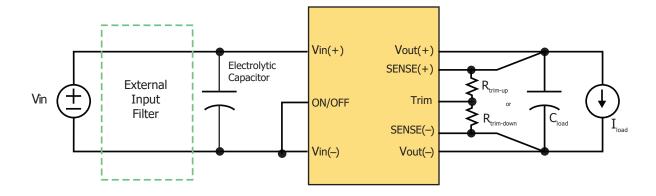


Figure C: Typical Application Circuit (negative logic unit, permanently enabled)

Input Filtering and External Input Capacitance: Figure D provides a diagram showing the internal input filter components. This filter dramatically reduces input terminal ripple current, which otherwise could exceed the rating of an external electrolytic input capacitor.

The recommended external input capacitance is specified in the Input Characteristics section of the Electrical Specifications. More detailed information is available in the application note titled "EMI Characteristics" on the SynQor website.

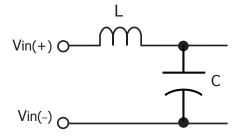
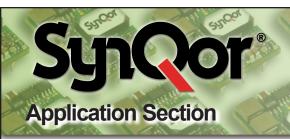


Figure D: Internal Input and Output Filter Diagram (component values listed in Electrical Characteristics section)



Technical Specification

Startup Inhibit Period: For The Startup Inhibit Period ensures that the converter will remain off for approximately 120 ms when it is shut down for any reason. When an output short is present, this generates a 8 Hz "hiccup mode," which prevents the converter from overheating. In all, there are seven ways that the converter can be shut down, initiating a Startup Inhibit Period:

Figure E shows three turn-on scenarios, where a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated at t0, t1, and t2: Before time t0, when the input voltage is below the UVL threshold, the unit is disabled by the Input Under-Voltage Lockout feature. When the input voltage rises above the UVL threshold, the Input Under-Voltage Lockout is released, and a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated. At the end of this delay, the ON/OFF pin is evaluated, and since it is active, the unit turns on.

At time t1, the unit is disabled by the ON/OFF pin, and it cannot be enabled again until the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed.

- Input Under-Voltage Lockout
- Input Over-Voltage Lockout
- Output Over-Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- Current Limit
- Short Circuit Protection
- Turned off by the ON/OFF input

Figure E shows three turn-on scenarios, where a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated at t0, t1, and t2: Before time t0, when the input voltage is below the UVL threshold, the unit is disabled by the Input Under-Voltage Lockout feature. When the input voltage rises above the UVL threshold, the Input Under-Voltage Lockout is released, and a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated. At the end of this delay, the ON/OFF pin is evaluated, and since it is active, the unit turns on.

At time t1, the unit is disabled by the ON/OFF pin, and it cannot be enabled again until the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed.

When the ON/OFF pin goes high after t2, the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed, and the output turns on within the typical Turn-On Time.

Thermal Considerations: The maximum operating base-plate temperature, TB, is 100 °C. As long as the user's thermal system keeps TB < 100 °C, the converter can deliver its full rated power.

A power derating curve can be calculated for any heatsink that is attached to the base-plate of the converter. It is only necessary to determine the thermal resistance, RTHBA, of the chosen heatsink between the base-plate and the ambient air for a given airflow rate. This information is usually available from the heatsink vendor. The following formula can the be used to determine the maximum power the converter can dissipate for a given thermal condition if its base-plate is to be no higher than $100\ \Box C$.

$$\mathbf{P}_{\text{diss}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{100^{\circ}\text{C} - \text{TA}}{\text{RTHBA}}$$

This value of power dissipation can then be used in conjunction with the data shown in Figure 2 to determine the maximum load current (and power) that the converter can deliver in the given thermal condition.

For convenience, power derating curves for an encased converter without a heatsink and with a typical heatsink are provided for each output voltage.

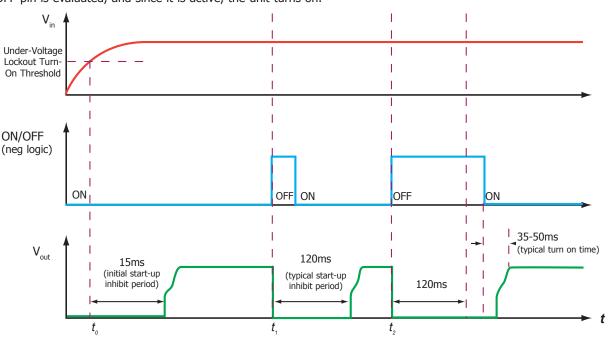


Figure E: Startup Inhibit Period (turn-on time not to scale)



Technical Specification IQ24xxxSGXxxx

Standards & Qualification Testing

| Parameter | Notes & Conditions | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| STANDARDS COMPLIANCE | Pending | | | | | |
| UL 62368-1 | Basic Insulation | | | | | |
| CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 62368-1 | | | | | | |
| EN 62368-1 | | | | | | |

Note: An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements. Contact SynQor for official safety certificates on new releases or download from the SynQor website.

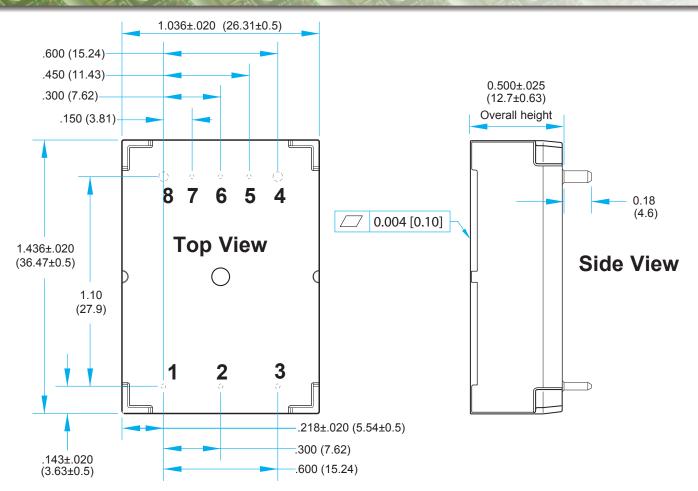
| Parameter | # Units | Test Conditions |
|-----------------------|---------|--|
| QUALIFICATION TESTING | | |
| Life Test | 32 | 95% rated Vin and load, units at derating point, 1000 hours |
| Vibration | 5 | 10-55 Hz sweep, 0.060 " total excursion, 1 min./sweep, 120 sweeps for 3 axis |
| Mechanical Shock | 5 | 100 g minimum, 2 drops in x, y, and z axis |
| Temperature Cycling | 10 | -40 °C to 100 °C, unit temp. ramp 15 °C/min., 500 cycles |
| Power/Thermal Cycling | 5 | Toperating = min to max, Vin = min to max, full load, 100 cycles |
| Design Marginality | 5 | Tmin-10 °C to Tmax+10 °C, 5 °C steps, Vin = min to max, 0-105% load |
| Humidity | 5 | 85 °C, 95% RH, 1000 hours, continuous Vin applied except 5 min/day |
| Solderability | 15 pins | MIL-STD-883, method 2003 |
| Altitude | 2 | 70,000 feet (21 km), see Note |

Note: A conductive cooling design is generally needed for high altitude applications because of naturally poor convective cooling at rare atmospheres.



Standard Mechanical Diagram

Technical Specification IQ24xxxSGXxxx



NOTES

- 1)Baseplate flatness tolerance is 0.004" (.10mm) TIR for surface.
- 2)Pins 1-3, 5-7 are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter, with 0.080" (2.03mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 3)Pins 4 and 8 are 0.062" (1.57 mm) diameter with 0.100" (2.54 mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 4)All Pins: Material Copper Alloy; Finish Matte Tin over Nickel plate 5)Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.
- 6)Weight: 1.10 oz (31.2 g) Typical
- 7)All dimensions in inches (mm)

Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)

x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)

- 8) Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A-610 Class II
- 9)Recommended pin length is 0.03" (0.76mm) greater than the PCB thickness.

PIN DESIGNATIONS

| Pin | Label | Name | Function | |
|-----|--------|----------|--|--|
| 1 | +VIN | Vin(+) | Positive input voltage | |
| 2 | ON/OFF | ON/OFF | TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(-), with internal pull up. | |
| 3 | -VIN | Vin(-) | Negative input voltage | |
| 4 | -VOUT | Vout(-) | Negative output voltage | |
| 5 | -SNS | SENSE(-) | Negative remote sense(see note 1) | |
| 6 | TRIM | TRIM | Output voltage trim (see note 2) | |
| 7 | +SNS | SENSE(+) | Positive remote sense (see note 3) | |
| 8 | +VOUT | Vout(+) | Positive output voltage | |

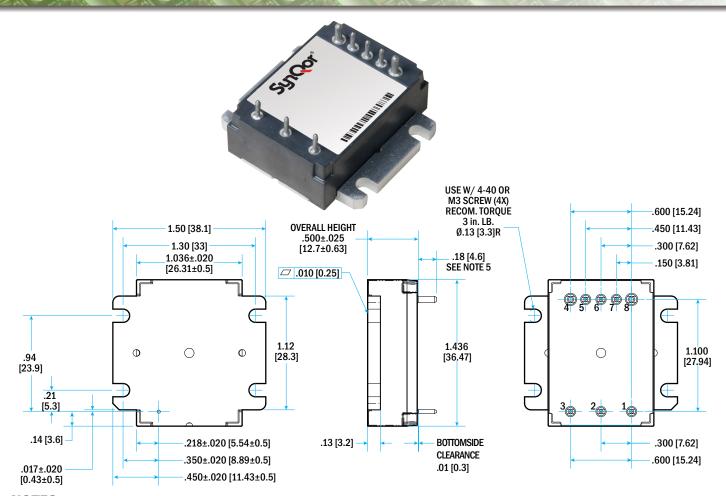
Notes:

- 1) SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely or at the converter.
- 2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.
- 3) SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the converter.



Flanged Mechanical Diagram

Technical Specification IQ24xxxSGXxxx



NOTES

- 1)Applied torque per screw should not exceed 6in-lb
- 2)Baseplate flatness tolerance is 0.01" (.25mm) TIR for surface.
- 3)Pins 1-3, 5-7 are 0.040'' (1.02mm) diameter, with 0.080'' (2.03mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 4)Pins 4 and 8 are 0.062" (1.57 mm) diameter with 0.100" (2.54 mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 5)All Pins: Material Copper Alloy Finish - Matte Tin over Nickel plate 6)Weight: 1.30 oz (36.9 g) Typical

7)Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.

8)All dimensions in inches (mm)

Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm) x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)

9) Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A610 Class II

PIN DESIGNATIONS

| Pin | Label | Name | Function | |
|-----|--------|----------|--|--|
| 1 | +VIN | Vin(+) | Positive input voltage | |
| 2 | ON/OFF | ON/OFF | TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(–), with internal pull up. | |
| 3 | -VIN | Vin(-) | Negative input voltage | |
| 4 | -VOUT | Vout(-) | Negative output voltage | |
| 5 | -SNS | SENSE(-) | Negative remote sense(see note 1) | |
| 6 | TRIM | TRIM | Output voltage trim (see note 2) | |
| 7 | +SNS | SENSE(+) | Positive remote sense (see note 3) | |
| 8 | +VOUT | Vout(+) | Positive output voltage | |

Notes

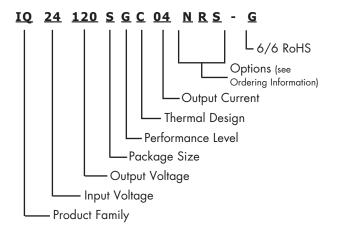
- 1) SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely or at the converter.
- 2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.
- 3) SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the converter.



Technical Specification

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

The part numbering system for SynQor's dc-dc converters follows the format shown in the example below.



The first 12 characters comprise the base part number and the last 3 characters indicate available options. The "-G" suffix indicates 6/6 RoHS compliance.

Application Notes

A variety of application notes and technical white papers can be downloaded in pdf format from our Website.

RoHS Compliance: The EU led RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Directive bans the use of Lead, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Mercury, Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB), and Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment. This SynQor product is 6/6 RoHS compliant. For more information please refer to SynQor's RoHS addendum available at our RoHS Compliance / Lead Free Initiative web page or e-mail us at rohs@synqor.com.

ORDERING INFORMATION

The tables below show the valid model numbers and ordering options for converters in this product family. When ordering SynQor converters, please ensure that you use the complete 15 character part number consisting of the 12 character base part number and the additional characters for options. InQor units are only available with 6/6 RoHS compliance indicated by "-G".

| Model Number | Input Voltage | Output Voltage | Max Output Current |
|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| IQ24033SGw15xyz | 24 V | 3.3 V | 15 A |
| IQ24050SGw10xyz | 24 V | 5 V | 10 A |
| IQ24070SGw07xyz | 24 V | 7 V | 7.1 A |
| IQ24120SGw04xyz | 24 V | 12 V | 4.2 A |
| IQ24150SGw03xyz | 24 V | 15 V | 3.3 A |
| IQ24240SGw02xyz | 24 V | 24 V | 2.1 A |
| IQ24280SGw02xyz | 24 V | 28 V | 1.8 A |
| IQ24480SGw01xyz | 24 V | 48 V | 1 A |

The following options must be included in place of the $w \times y z$ spaces in the model numbers listed above.

| Options Description | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Thermal Design | Enable Logic | Pin Style | Feature Set | | | | |
| W | X | У | Z | | | | |
| C - Encased V - Encased with Flanged Baseplate | N - Negative | R - 0.180" | S - Standard | | | | |

Not all combinations make valid part numbers, please contact SynQor for availability.

Contact SynQor for further information and to order:

Phone: 978-849-0600 Toll Free: 888-567-9596 Fax: 978-849-0602 E-mail: power@synqor.com Web: www.synqor.com
Address: 155 Swanson Road, Boxborough, MA 01719 USA

Warranty

SynQor offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our website or is available upon request from SynQor.

PATENTS

SynQor holds numerous U.S. patents, one or more of which apply to most of its power conversion products. Any that apply to the product(s) listed in this document are identified by markings on the product(s) or on internal components of the product(s) in accordance with U.S. patent laws. SynQor's patents include the following:

7,050,309 7,765,687 7,787,261

8,149,597 8,644,027